THE WORLD.

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 22.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING EDITION (Including Postage), PER MONTH, 30c. ; PER YEAR, \$3.50.

" The following comparison is an exact record of the actual, regular, bona-fide editions of THE Worth printed during the week preceding and

he week following the la	st election:	
Week baf	ore election.	After election
Sunday	267,360	265,590
Monday	262,510	265,540
Paesday	257,000	259,560
Wednesday	258.660	317,940
Chareday	253,680	284,250
Friday	260,180	877,850
atarday	256,050	293,070
Weekly and Semi-		
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	and the same of the same of	

Weekly..... 107,420 107,060

Tetals.....1,922,020 We, the undersigned, the paper manufacturer who supply the white paper used by the New York WORLD, hereby certify that we have carefully examined the above statement of circulation, and solemnly swear that it corresponds with the amount of white paper supplied by us, used by THE WORLD and charged up to them (in accordance with our method of charging THE WOBLD MACH DAY ONLY THE PAPER ACTUALLY USED AND PRINTED) during the two weeks specified,

> BULKLEY, DUNTON & Co., by David G. Garabrant. York Haven Paper Co. Susquehanna Water-Power AND PAPER CO.
> GLENS FALLS PAPER MILL CO.,
> by Wm. B. DILLON,
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> W. H. PARSONS & CO.,
> by W. H. PARSONS.

Blate of New York, City and County of New York, se. t. Personally appeared before me DAVID G. GARABANT of Bulkley, Dunton & Co.; WM. B. DILLON, manage of sales for the York Haven Paper Co., the Susquehan wer and Paper Co. and Glens Falls Paper Mil Co., and W. H. Parsons, of W. H. Parsons & Co., who, being known to me, did append their signatures hereto and swore that the foregoing statement is true and correct. WILLIAM I. SHIMER, er of Deeds, City and County of New York.

New York, Nov. 19, 1887.

ADVERTISING RATES. (Agate Measurement.)

Ordinary, 25 cents per line. No extra price for ac ble display. Business or Special Notices, opposite orial page, 50 cents per line. Reading Notices,

starred or marked "Advt.": First page, \$1.50 per line; Fourth page, \$1.25 per line; Inside page, \$1 The rates for advertising in the Daily WORLD do not ap ply to the Evening issue. Nor do the rates of that issue

y to the Morning Edition.

A GREAT COUNTRY.

Dr. PARKER, the eloquent English preacher is oppressed by the bigness of our countryand he has only been as far west and north as St. Paul.

He thinks that there must be ahead of us either a great collapse or a great discipline."

Was not the war a great discipline? Was not the Treaty of Washington a discipline and the Electoral dispute another? Have we not met discipline in the Anarchical outbreaks and their suppression and punish. ment? Our annual elections, and the meeting of Congress and the State Legislature keep us perpetually under the training of self-government.

Genius in the individual has been defined to be "a great capacity for receiving discipline." The greatness and strength of the Bepublic is established by the same test.

THE EMPTY CUPBOARDS.

Various condiments go well with a Thanks. giving dinner, but by far the most appetizing and satisfactory is the knowledge of having previously filled up some of the cupboards

In a genuine Thanksgiving, selfishness has no place. Open-handed charity gives to this season of good cheer its finest significance. No man, woman or child should go hungry in the midst of our plenty. Open your purse-strings. Give to the fairs.

Send a check to the charity organizations. Order a turkey and all the fixings for the poor family on the next street. Let there be no barren tables on Thanks.

giving Day.

OF COURSE.

A syndicate of wealthy Philadelphians has bought a large tract of land in Florida, and started sugar planting. They consider that State to be "the coming sugar-raising country of the continent "

"But we want protection," said the head of the combination, "and to obtain this the tariff must be kept up."

Of course. The people of this country must continue to pay \$55,000,000 a year as a tax on their sugar in order that a "combine " of Pennsylvania capitalists may increase their

It is truly a sweet prospect.

A PLAY WITH A MORAL.

If the President is given to drawing analogies, he must have found the play of "Dr. Jekyll" suggestive.

Many men who are "incorrigible spoils men" at home assume the shape of reformers when they enter the White House, Public plunderers put on the garb of patriots. Renegade old Whigs and disgruntled Republicans masquerade as instructors of life-long Democrats. The philanthropic "protector of American labor" is, in his other guise, the cruel evictor of miners who strike against starvation wages.

The Dr. Jekylls of politics are frequently the Mr. Hydes of business and private life. The President has seen a play with a moral.

AFRAID OF PUBLICITY.

The Interstate Commission in its investigation of the charges of freight discrimination in favor of the Standard Oil Trust runs afoul the usual snag. The books are withheld in defiance of the subparna.

The complainant proposed to show by the records of the Union Tank Line, a creature of the Standard Oil, that that monopoly not only had a decided advantage, in rates, but that by false measurements of its tank cars got in his work earlier.

thousands of barrels of oil were transported i without paying any freight whatever.

But, of course, the books were not produced. They never are. As with STANFORD, HUNTINGTON, SHARP, the Bell Telephone people and others of that ilk, so, naturally. with the Standard Oil. They are all afraid of publicity. With a reticence which is half confession, they decline to furnish evidence against themselves.

Thus early in the fight is the Standard Oil skulking behind the favorite barrier of the Baby" and "The Bunch of Keys," two plays

THE FRENCH CRISIS.

President Grevy still stands alone, facing his sea of troubles. No one seems disposed to come to his assistance. DE FREYCINET. FLOQUET, GOBLET and CLEMENCEAU, in turn, decline the honor of attempting to form a new Ministry.

The outlook grows darker and darker for the persistent President. The Chamber of Deputies is turbulent. There is an ominous rumble from the Socialist faction of the Municipal Council. The only reassuring feature of the situation is the phenomenal quiet of the usually excitable French populace.

The demand for M. GREVY's resignation has become apparently unanimous. That he will finally yield to the clamor seems extremely probable.

"OVERT ACTS."

A morning contemporary thinks it time enough to interfere with inciters to murder and arson when "an overt act against law and order " has been committed.

The trouble with this is that it doesn't apply until after the murder, or the riot, or the arson may have taken place.

The object of the law is as much to prevent crime as to punish it. It is as legitimate to apply the ounce of prevention as the pound of cure. Free speech will not suffer if the inciters to crime are gagged.

THE WAR ON BEAUTY.

sung by Pooteh-Wehl, beginning What's the matter with Beauty? Did the Creator err in making his work beautiful? Is a thing of beauty a delusion and a snare instead of a joy forever? gives. It was enthusiastically encored. Huber

Such seems to be the opinion of the National Temperance women and of Anthony COMSTOCK.

The latter would cloak our statues and court-plaster our pictures. The former appeal to their sisters to keep their necks covered. Mr. Comstock insults art. The temperance women quarrel with nature.

How absurd it all is! The poet was right in saying that " Beauty is its own excuse for being "-seen!

LET THE WOMEN SETTLE IT.

The women reformers are certainly the most undaunted in the field. Not content with the somewhat formidable task of suppressing the liquor interest, the convention t Nashville has undertaken, among other side issues, the abolition of bird ornaments.

This reform is rather of the sentimental order. Like the question of female suffrage. it is likely to meet its opponents chiefly smong the gentler sex. As a rule, the men deprecate the cruel slaughter of birds, especially when their plumage is very expansive

and is utilized upon the theatre hats Still, this is a reform that may discreetly be left to the women. The only man who ever ventured to interfere in this burning question was crushed by the retort that "it did not make any difference to the birds whether they were put on the bonnet or

under the waistcoat." Haven was saved from drowning by friendly hands that "held his chin up" till the water was drawn off. No such fortune attended the Republican bosses in this State on Nov. 8th, when they fell into a pit of their own digging. The flow was too sudden and too

deep. It was a piece of grim poetic justice, after all, that a locomotive engineer in New Jersey should be stunned into unconsciousness by the whistle that he couldn't shut off. Think how many people his screecher has awakened

BARNUM's shows may burn, but the veteran himself, at the age of seventy-seven, is imperturbable, uncrushable and unburnable. He sets a valuable example of sturdiness and good cheer under adversity that would well become men a half-century his juniors.

from the sweet unconsciousness of sleep!

It is singular how much unnecessary trouble some people take upon themselves. The heirs of ISAAC ABNETT can find plenty of persons who are willing to take the legacies he left, and pay the tax upon them without a kiek.

PARNELL has spoken at last. His illness has prevented his taking an active part in the present campaign, and he does not feel disposed to criticise its management. But he is s sound as a rock on the general issue.

Gen. Newton has consented to let work in the subway trenches go on until the ground is frozen hard. This is better than to shut down arbitrarily by a calendar that the forces of nature know nothing about.

one.

d. D.—Facts an' figures ain't no use to us.

B. A.—I judged from your juxurious surroundings that your husband was in some business or A well is being bored for hot water on Mrs. LANGTRY'S land in Nevada. The lovely actress has managed to get a good many people into hot water without boring for it.

It is needless to say that the "alleged baron" who is in distress in Pennsylvania is not a coal baron.

What has Dr. Holmes's poem to do with football? The Autocrat's lines certainly never limp. 'The "Song of the Shirt" does not make

Inspector Byrnes, of New York, thinks John pleasant Thanksgiving ode. Most the most dangerous Anarchist in America, bu at the same time the biggest coward of all, haps the best way to dispose of Most is to 'Boo !" at him some dark night and soare h Most's expurgator and reviser should have

"THE BEGUM" A SUCCESS. DRIFT OF SOCIETY AFFAIRS.

which I always hold to be the perfection of ex-

quisite idiocy.

The curtain rose, and of course there was a cho

rus by plenty of pretty girls. It was conventional,

Then Digby Bell appeared and sang a patter song,

n which "taking tea" was made to rhyme with

· guarantee." I was toying with the rim of my

eadgear in utter wistfulness when De Wolf Hop

per appeared, and from that moment forth "The

I remained metaphorically rooted to my seat

through the opera, and enjoyed it (the opera, not

my seat) so thoroughly that, like Oliver Twist, I

"The Begum" is utterly different from any so

called American opera I have ever heard. The

book is palpably fashioned a la Glibert, but Mr.

Harry Smith, while following in Gilbert's footsteps

has a plethora of good material and funny situa

"The Begum" is a Princess allowed to marry a

many husbands as she chooses. In the opera she

selects her General in Chief; when she declare

war, loses him and marries his successor. One of

the most laughable scenes I have ever listened to

is that in which De Wolf Hopper begs "Her Be-

gumness" not to marry him. It is so ludierou

hat Mme. Cottrelly lost her self-control last nigh

There are many daintily ridiculous situations, a

appreciated by Col. McCaull's brilliant company

As I said before, the ideas are all Gilbertiau, and Mr. Smith must have studied his master very care

fully. Is he to be blamed for that? Are we no

from earliest childhood exhorted in our copy-book

Mr. De Koven's music is bright and eatching. It

isn't at all deep, thank goodness, and for that rea-son it will be remembered. I don't mind saying—

tell it not in Gath-that I hate thoroughly good

tached to a comic opera. Spurn me beneath you feet if you will, but that's a positive fact.

Some of the numbers are delightful. The ballac

Love is pain and love is pleasure, Love is loss or love is gain, Love is like a merry measure, Or is like a sad refrain,

s an operatic delicacy, the best that the market

Wilkes's song, with the refrain "I Fought by

Night, 1 Fought by Day," is extremely effective

The opera abounds with good things-things tha

can be whistled, should be whistled, and would b

As for the scenery-how I detest speaking of

scenery!-it was gorgeous. The temple on the

banks of the Ganges was extremely pretty and the

costumes marvellously lovely. No money has

been spared on the production. Col. McCauli nas dipped into his capacious pockets, as he knows so

The success of the evening was made by De Wolf

Hopper, De Angelia and Miss Annie Myers,

charming little girl. Mme. Cottrelly did fairly well and Miss Manola sang nicely. Harry Mac-

lonough, Edwin W. Hoff and Mrs. Laura Joyce

I want to see "The Begum" three or four time

WORLDLINGS.

A thousand dollars an nour is said to be a lo

John V. Farwell, the Chicago dry-goods prince

and a brother of Senator Parwell, went to Chicago

a few years before the war as a green country lad

A monster rattlesnake, which measured nearly

hirteen feet in length and was as large around as

a man's body, was killed near Tahlequah, I. T.,

John Small, a wealthy young farmer of Shelby-

rille, Ill., died last week from eating chow-chor

in which a brass spoon had tain for several hours

The spoon was found to be heavily coated with

During the prevalence of the great drought in

Southern Illinois the citizens of Litchfield turned

barrel to the less fortunate people of the neighbor-

The scandals in France have given rise to the

word "Wilsonism," which is already current on

the boulevards, where it is used to express a mean

ing similar to that which Mr. C. P. Huntington

At the recent State fair in South Carolina Farme

James M. Bradham was awarded a prize for being

the model man of the State." He is seventy

eight years old, has followed the plough since he

was a lad of ten and has not taken a drink of

Lightning struck a shovel in the hands of Doyl-

Brown, at Talking Rock, Ga., recently, and, run-

bolt divided and ran through both of Brown's

hands and arms and passed out at the back of his

A young owl came flying over the buildings of

Grant avenue, in Garden City, Kan., the other

morning, and flew straight as an arrow at a man

standing on the corner. When the bird reaches

him the man threw up his hands suddenly and

An Illinois ciergyman who went out into th

country to marry a young couple, and was put to

the trouble of hiring a horse for the occasion, re

ceived from the groom a coin carefully done up in

a piece of paper. On opening it when he reaches

John Chandler, whose death was announce

from Concord, N. H., last week, lived to be 103

years old. He said in an interview a short time

before his death that he attributed his long life in

a great measure to the fact that he had never al-

lowed himself to be worried over any matter, how

No Information Wanted.

[From Fuck.]
Book Agent-I would like to show you sor

Gotham Dame-We ain't got no use fer encycle

B. A.—This book, madam, is full of facts and figures which should be valuable to every

What it Proves.

[From the Pittsbury Chronicle.]
Squiidig—I always understood that the Japanes

McSwilligen-I believe they are. Squildig-But I've just learned that they hav

Squildig—But I've just learned that they have 50,000 gods.
McSwilligen—What of that.
Squildig—Why, that proves they are very idol, of

[From the Kansas City Journal.]

G. D.-No; he's a labor agitator.

rere very industrious people.

spec men pages of the universal encyclopædia.

home he found within a silver quarter.

ning up the handle, split it in haif.

whiskey since 1837.

neck, killing him instantly.

caught it as he would a ball.

ever serious it might be.

sometimes puts on the word "explain,"

honest penny by selling water by the

ew days ago. It had twenty-four rattles.

ALAN DALE.

nore. That's a good way to feel, isn't it?

stimate of Jay Gould's income.

with less than \$5 in his pocket.

whistled if I had anything to say in the matter.

music (you know what I mean by "goo

Segum" was triumphant.

was tempted to ask for more.

and laughed.

to follow good examples?

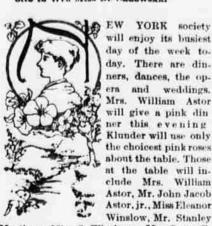
well how to dip.

Bell were all effective.

Col. McCaull has scored a success

When I ambled into the Fifth Avenue Theatre last night a dim presentiment of evil oppresse me. A comic opera by two Chicago gentlemen | FOUR WEDDINGS AND A CARD DANCE TO doesn't sound inviting, you'll admit, and such

OCCUR TO-DAY. 'The Begum " was proclaimed to be by no less eminent an authority than Col. McCaull. My seat was pear the alsie, and I rejoiced in Mr. Herbert A. Sherman and Miss Anna that fact. I could slip surreptitiously from the White to Be Married in All Souls' Church theatre and forget my anguish before the unfor -Mrs. Charles H. Leland's Dance at 162 tunate crowd was released. I expected horse Madison Avenue this Evening-Mr. Peixplay, medleys from popular operas, loathsom otto to Wed Miss Dr Sadowska. topical songs and episodes suggestive of " A Raj



will enjoy its busiest day of the week today. There are dinners, dances, the opera and weddings. Mrs. William Assort will give a pink din ner this evening Klunder will use only the choicest pink roses about the table. Those at the table will include Mrs. William Astor, jr., Miss Eleanor

Winslow, Mr. Stanley Mortimer, Miss C. Winthrop, Mr. James F Tams, Miss Turnure, Mr. Ralph Ellis, Mis Barbey, Mr. Brockholst Cutting, Miss Belle Wilson, Mr. Center Hitchcock, Miss Paget. Mr. H. Hoyt, Miss Brady, Mr. T. Howard Miss Hewitt and Mr. H. Cannon.

The first large dance of the season will b given this eyening by Mrs. Charles H. Leland, of 162 Madison avenue. Miss Maud Leland will assist in receiving. The house will be elaborately decorated with flowers, and the very pretty order of dances will be em bellished with a golden slipper. Among the 250 dancers expected are the following:

Miss Mattle Goodridge, Miss Marie Tornure, Miss Winthron, Miss Robbins, Miss Steward, Miss Berryman, Miss Schieffelin, the Misses Hoffman, Miss Lay, Miss Eva Johnston, Miss Appleton, Miss McKim, Miss Day, Mr. and Mrs. Howland Petl, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pellew, Mr. and Frederick, Clarkson, Parsons, Wainwright, Kingsford, Delafield, Livingston, Schermerhorn, Howland, McKim, Hillhouse, Howard and Frederick Tams.

meraora, Howand, Mckim, Hilliouse, Howard and Frederick Tans.

The marriage of Mr. Hubert A. Sherman and Miss Anna White, eldest daughter of Mr. John Eaton White, will be quietly celebrated this afternoon at All Souls' Church at 3.30 o'clock. The Rev. R. Heber Newton will officiate. The bride will wear a travelling costume, with small bonnet to match. She will carry white roses. Mr. Reginald P. Sherman will be the best man. Mr. Frank Wiggins and Mr. Frederick W. Sherman, a brother of the groom, will be the ushers. There will be no bridesmaids. The bride will be given away by her father. There will be no reception. The groom is a descendant of Reger Sherman, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Among those who are expected at the church are the following named persons:

Mrs. George Nichols, of Cambridge; Mr. and

are the following named persons:

Mrs. George Nichols, of Cambridge; Mr. and
Mrs. John W. T. Nichols, Col. and Mrs. Wildrake,
Mrs. Edward S. Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas
T. Sherman, Mrs. Townsend, of Rye; the Misses
Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. August Wiggin, Mrs.
Henry Dimmock, Mrs. Toffey, Major and Mrs.
Lord, Miss Lord, Mrs. Townsend, of Boston; Mr.
Louis Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Conkling, Mrs. Brunt,
Miss Reynolds, Miss Phillips, Mrs. White, of Cambridge; Mrs. Sands, Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Howe.

Miss Reynoids, Miss Phillips, Mrs. White, of Cambridge; Mrs. Sands, Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Howe.

The wedding of Mr. William F. Armstrong and Miss Jennie Herrman, daughter of the late Philip Herrman, will take place at 8 o'clock this evening at the home of the bride's mother, 340 West Fourteenth street. The Rev. Dr. Worrall, of the Thirteenth Street Episcopal Church, will officiate. The bride will wear a gown of French faille, with train. The front of the V corsage, which is made with elbow sleeves, and the front skirt will be trimmed with point lace. The tulle veil will be secured with orange blossoms. The ornaments worn will be a diamond crescent, the gift of the groom, and solitaire earrings, which were presented by the bride's mother. She will carry a bouquet of bride roses. Mr. James Herrman, brother of the bride, will be the best man, and Mr. Andrew Fletcher, jr., Dr. Ogden Rafferty and Mr. Henry Jeroliman will be the ushers. Miss Grace Herrman, a sister, will be the maid of honor. She will wear white mull and will carry white roses. There will be no bridesmaids. Among the guests expected are the following, named nergons: Among the guests expected ar

Mr. and Mrs. James Havemeyer, Mr. J. C. Havemeyer, Mrs. William Laimbeer, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hall, Mr. Francis L. Leland, Mr. and Mrs. Maclay, the Misses Maclay, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bogert, Mr. Oscar Zollikoffer, Mrs. James Stewart, the Misses Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Heckor Armstrops, Mr. and Mrs. Hector Armarong, Mr. and Mrs. William Havemeyer, Miss Trowbridge, Mr. and Mrs. George Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. F. Calkins Mr. Hector Havemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Haddock, Dr. Tucker, Miss Woerz, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Lockwood, Mr. and Mrs. James Wiggins, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buckeye, Mrs. Lewis Buckeye Mr. and Mrs. Theal, Mr. and Mrs. Farrar, Mrs French and Dr. Livingston.

Mr. M. P. Maduro Peixotto, son of Mr. B. F. Peixotto, ex-United States Consul to France, and Miss Katherine de Sadowsky, of St. Petersburg, daughter of the late Gen. T. de Sadowsky, will be married this evening at 8 o'clock. A civil marriage ceremony will be performed by Judge Hall, after which the Rev. Dr. Harris will make an address. The bride will wear a simple gown of French Faille, made plain, with train, with the front of the V-shaped corsage trimmed with pearls and chenille. The large, diamond butterfly to be worn on the corsage and the diamond pins on the tulle veil were presented by the bride's mother. A diamond bracelet, to be worn, was the groom's gift. Mr. George Peixotto will be the best man. Mr. William Cardozo, Mr. Frank Peixotto and Dr. George Hayes will be the ushers. Miss Lena Finn, Miss Hortense Straus, Miss Beatrice Peixotto and Mabel Peixotto, sisters of the groom, will be the bridesmaids. They will wear white tulle over silk, cut walking length. They will carry Glorie de France roses. The bridal pair will stand under an arch of flowers, from which a bell will hang. The expected guests include the following:

Mr. M. Cardozo, Mr. S. Wolf, of Washington; Mr. D. Hamburger, Mr. Julius Rien, Mr. and Mrs. Mr. M. P. Maduro Peixotto, son of Mr. B

clude the following:

Mr. M. Cardozo, Mr. S. Wolf, of Washington
Mr. D. Hamburger, Mr. Julius Rien, Mr. and Mrs.
J. Solomon, Dr. Friedenberg, Mr. and Mrs. Floye
B. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Hellman, Mr. and Mrs.
B. F. Hayes, Dr. and Mrs. T. M. Bloom, Mr. A.
Sanger, Mr. Triest, Miss Nathan, Dr. Bernare
Meyer, of Paris; Mrs. Weldenbach, Miss Weldenbach, Mrs. Norris and Miss Norris.

bach, Mrs. Norris and Miss Norris.

The marriage of the Rev. Charles E. Taylor and Miss Ellen P. Campbell, niece of Mrs. Beeckman de Peyster, took place this forenoon at 11.30 o'clock.

The marriage of Mr. Howard Martin and Miss Amy Williams will take place at Christ Church, at New Brighton, S. I., on Dec. 1.

Mrs. G. S. Appleton, of 17 East Thirty-second street, will give a small dance this evening.

vening.
Mrs. Charles Clark, of 831 Madison avenue will give a small reception this afternoon to introduce her daughter.

Coming Events.

The Unknown Social Club has a dance at Everett Hall, 31-35 East Fourth street, to-morrow even ug. The Atlantic Coterre, an organization of working-men in the Ninth Assembly District, will give its annual reception in Tammany Hall on Nov. 28. This evening the Cooks' and Pastry Cooks' Association will have its annual ball in Tammany Hall. Some very ornamental and toothsome pastry has been prepared, and a cook-book, the work of one of the 'boss' atewards of the city, is to be distributed among the ladies.

The twentietieth anniversary of the martyrdom of Alica, Larkin, O'Brien and Barrett will be commemorated by the F.nian Brotherhood at Cooper Institute to-morrow evening. The speakers will ute to-morrow evening. The speakers w r. McGlynn, Gen. F. F. Millen, ex-Congres

The new altar piece of the Byzantine basilica of St. Cecilia will be exhibited at the Church in One Hundred and Sixth street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues, this evening. The painting is by Frost Johnson and the subject is 'The Last Supper.' Haydn's Sixth Mass will be given by the choir, under the direction of Prof. Stollewerk,

PREACHER TO MILLIONAIRES.

The Church Where Gould and Sage Worship -An Apecdote of Simon Cameron.

Pews in the West Presbyterian Church, in Forty-second street, near Fifth avenue, of which the Rev. Dr. John R. Paxton is minister, are sold on the plan in vogue at the Metropolitan Opera-House. In the galleries are box-stalls, containing six comfortable chairs. The latter are rented at an average of of \$400 a year each. In the main aisles of the edifice the Church Committee puts a valuation on the pews, and the purchaser, in

addition, pays 17 per cent, a year on the as-sessed valuation.

Jay Gould purchased his pew for \$1,800 cash, a premium of \$300 on its assessed value, and his annual levy is \$255. He owns

the pew in fee.

Russell Sage owns a pew assessed at \$1,500 and worth \$2,000. It cost him \$800 several years ago, and he told the pastor that he regarded it as one of the best investments he Flagler, the Standard Oil man, paid

Mr. Flagler, the Standard Oil man, paid \$2,000 for his sitting and contributes 17 per cent, on that amount, or \$340.

A lady recently wanted a pew in the main isle near the front of the church and was asked \$2,750 for it. She was given a refusal of this offer for forty-eight hours. On inquiry she found that seven persons wanted that seat and that scores of gentlemen had been waiting two years to buy. She purchased the pew without further delay.

At a recent Wednesday evening lecture Dr. Paxton told an interesting incident in the career of Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania. He said that when he was stationed in Washington, Cameron came to him one day and

ington, Cameron came to him one day an

My young preacher, I want you to preach a sermon from the text, 'Cast your bread on the waters and it will return four-fold after

the waters and it will return tour-fold after many days."

In explaining the request, the veteran Pennsylvania politician said that when he was quite a young man he met a young lumberman who was bemoaning his ill-luck in having his raft of timber laid up by the low water. The man was surrounded by some operators who were trying to secure the drift for a mere song.

for a mere song.

Cameron asked the young fellow, whose name was Hahnemann, if he could not hold the logs until the freshets came.

"I have not a cent in the world," was the

reply, "and these men are trying to squeeze me. I don't know what to do, for I am ruined." 'Young fellow, you are not ruined," an swered Cameron. 'Come with me to my bank and I will hold your lumber and loan you all the money you need at the legal in-

erest."
The young lumberman was rescued and The young lumberman was rescued and Gen. Cameron lost sight of him.

"It was a great many years ago," the aged Senator continued in telling the story, "and I was not an old man, but when I wanted to be United States Senator I met with sturdy opposition. I learned that there was a man in the lumber districts who had great influence and controlled the legislative delegation from that part of the State. I went to see him. His name was Hahnemann, and, taking my memorandum book with me, I thought I would reall the lumber incident. The man was too young to be the one I had casually assisted, but I learned from him that he had succeeded his father.

The young man did not know much of his father's experience, but conversed with his

The young man did not know much of his father's experience, but conversed with his mother and then returned to the hotel to see me. He said his mother was anxious to see the man who had put his father on his feet if he could be found. I told the young merchant that I was the man and he grasped me by the hand, said he was ever opposed to me politically, but hoped I should win.

"That is how I first became United States Senator. I cast my bread upon the waters and it returned to me fourfold."

MERCHANT COHNFELD TO RETURN.

Matters Looking Brighter for the Missing Man's Creditors.

There is a better feeling to-day at the office of Isidor Cohnfeld, the missing feather merchant of Greene street, than has been mani fested for some time, and the opinion is expressed that before many days Mr. Cohn feld will return to this city and resume charge of his business.

A gentleman connected with the office ha

A gentleman connected with the omce may been in communication with the missing man practically since he disappeared, and hears from him now about three times a week. Just where Mr. Cohnfeld is at pres week. Just where Mr. Cohnfeld is at pres week. Just where Mr. Connieu as an ent the gentleman declines to say, though he does not deny that he is in Toronto. It seems a little strange to him that Mr. M. T. Wall, the Mercer street straw goods merchant, who claims to have seen Cohnfeld in Toronto a few days ago, should have the im-pression that the latter had made arrangements to remain in Canada for the winter. He thinks that Mr. Wall is mistaken

The reason for Mr. Cohnfeld's sudden disappearance was, said the gentleman, primarily ill-health. He was unable physiprimarily ill-health. He was unable physically to meet his creditors and undergo the labors of examination, and it was by the advise of Dr. Adolph Kesser, of Lexington avenue, that he left his affairs as he did. In all his letters he expresses a desire to return and make a settlement of 100 cents on the dollar. The creditors on the other hand have expressed a desire that he should return, and resume business, and are evidently satisfied with the terms proposed. At the Greene street office it is believed that within a few

resume business, and are evidently satisfied with the terms proposed. At the Greene street office it is believed, that within a few days, Mr. Cohnfield will be back at his desk. Julius J. Frank, counsel for Mr. Cohnfield, is also more cheerful over the prospect and says that in two or three days the missing man will be at work again and then the settlement of the firm's accounts will be a watter of but a few weeks. matter of but a few weeks.

Help the Needy.

The Home Relief Association, whose offices are at 496 East Fourteenth street, will distribute cooked food and groceries to deserving poor people o Thanksgiving Day. The association has been in existence for a number of years, and has never falled to furnish a Thanksgiving dinner to destitute families. Widows and wives existence for a number of years, and has never is alled to furnish a Thanksgiving dinner to destitute families. Widows and wive whose husbands are sick or out o work take their baskets to 496 East Fourteent street and have them filled with meats, vegetable and groceries on Thanksgiving morning. Kind hearted people who wish to help the association can send cooked and uncooked food to the office of the association. Contributions of money can be sent in checks drawn to the order of John P Shorter, Treasurer. The association is in need of funds to purchase food, &c.

Booked at Hotels. C. H. Muir, U. S. A., is at the Sturtevant.

Lieut, Col. J. R. Smith is a guest of Judge Amasa J. Parker, of Albany, is at the Murray Hul Hotel. J. M. Crouse, a prominent wholesale merchant of Utica, is at the Victoria. Mayor Cornelius R. Parsons, of Rochester, is a guest at the Grand Central. A. A. Conant, a prominent dry goods merchant of Boston, is booked at the Park Avenue.

Chester Holcombe, Secretary of U. S. legation at Peking, China, stops at the Windsor. Gen. J. F. Farnsworth, of Washington, and Major J. W. Johnston are among the army men at the Windsor. Francis A. Wilson, of Boston, publisher of the Fouths' Companion, arrived at the Hotel Bruns-vick this morning.

Among the arrivals at the Astor are Judge W. Robertson, of Charlottesville, and Contractor McIntyre, of Highland, N. Y. United States Senators John C. Spooner, of Wis-consin, and Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, arrived it toe Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning.

Ex-United States Senator Stephen W. Dorsey has returned from his New Mexican home and takes up his residence at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

At the Albemarie: Ex-Gov. C. R. Ingersoll, of New Haven; Stewart Wyeth, of Pulladelphia; Schenectady's Postmaster, John Keyes Palze, and Daniel O'Day, the Standard Oil man, of Buffalo. Daniel O'Day, the Standard Oil man, of Buffalo.

The St. James Hotel appears to be a favorite resort of out-of-town editors. M. P. Handy, of Phisadelphia, and E. H. Butler, of the Buffalo News, are there to-day. Other arrivals at the same hotel are: Senator Carter C. Beggs, of Pittsburg; Col. F. J. Brown, of Waterbury, Conn.; H. A. Peto, a prominent London barrister; Hobert M. Johnson, of Baltimore, and Ralph M. Hickox, of Cleveland.

ABOUT TOWN COSSIP.

McLeod, the popular examiner in the Surveyor's Department, is qu mel of the Custom-House nt, is quite the Beau Brum-

Miss Clara Morris is very fond of horses and has several valuable studs. She is an in-trepid rider and is extremely proud of that fact.

John M. Otter, Judge Hilton's present manager, is also 6 feet or more and is con-sidered very handsome and is quite a Chesterfield in manners. N. B. Barry is one of New York's hand

somest hotel proprietors, and he is at least a head and shoulders taller than the hero of Austerlitz, for whom he was named. Mrs. Josiah Macy has a great talent for artistic decoration, which she has shown both

in and out doors at her recently purchase home on the Hudson, for which she paid

As soon as E. Berry Wall discovered that the supposed dudes of Washington carried umbrellas instead of wearing Mackintoshes when it rained, he left the city much shocked

Clay Greene, the playwright, is an amusing story-teller, and most of his anecdoes he tells against himself. No one laughs more heartily at the "slating" he occasionally gets than Mr. Greene himself. Mrs. Langtry's house, at No. 36, West Twenty-third street, is so filled with works of "virtue and bigotry" that in some of the rooms it is difficult to move. Her drawing-room is exquisitely furnished.

Mrs. Kate Palmer Stearns, the mother Minnie Palmer, looks as young as her daugh-ter and knows it. Mrs. Stearns is very fond of "dear Minnie" and missed her "so dreadfully " when she was in Australia.

Mrs. Agnes Booth is one of the imembers of the stage who do not is shop." When she leaves the theatres forgets she is an actress, and is one of most domesticated woman in the city.

The belles of New York will all be setting their caps for Mr. J. J. Astor, the only son of Mr. Willian Astor, this season, as he will make his first appearance in New York society since his graduation at Harvard. George B. Newton, the leading wholesale coal dealer of the city, did not come to New York to make his millions, but brought them with him from Philadelphia. In three respects he is like his friend Jay Gould—he is rather small, taciturn, and has a long head.

Little Marshall P. Wilder is a consummately shrewd business man. his interests to nobody, and he for the manager does not exist who could boom him as he booms himself. He is a genial little fellow, always pleasing.

FANCIES IN FANS.

A fan of light-blue crape has a painting of utumn leaves upon it and is mounted gold sticks. Another of pale pink lisse has hand-painted

birds and an edging of lace. The carved sticks are inlaid with mother-of-pearl. A fan of deep-red Crepe de Chine is covered with small, red spangles. The dark-red with small, red spangles. The dark-red sticks are also studded with red spangles. A very stylish fan is of transparent black s. The long, black sticks are spangled

A spray of delicate tea roses is painted on a pale yellow lisse fan, which has an edging of yellow lace and feathers. Ivory sticks inlaid with gold.

Wild roses are painted on a white gauze fan, which is topped with a border of ostrich and marabout feathers. The white ivory sticks are in carved open-work.

A fan of very pale yellow transparent gauze is painted with rich purple pansies. The fan is edged with yellow face and the yellow sticks are inlaid with gold. Fans composed entirely of ostrich feathers are extremely popular, and come in the pale tints and in the natural colors. They are very large, and are, perhaps, of all fans, the

Queer Burial Customs in Europe. [Alexandria Correspondence Milwaukes Sentinel.]
The ceremonies for death and burist are alike

for men and women. In the hour of death the face is turned towards Meeca or Jerusalem, and when the final moment comes the women of the narem, in regular succession, send forth shrill falsetto cries that rend the air and make the nerves quiver. This cry brings to the home the women of the village, who join in the lament for the dead. All are dressed in soiled, dark blue robes, and have faces, hands, breasts and even the walls of the house daubed with indigo. They unbraid their hair, and often pluck it out and lash themselves into a frenzy. Among the rich the clothing of the dead is strewn about the room, and the dishes and ornaments broken with great noise. Before the chill of death has fallen upon the inanimated form it must be carried to the tomb. The chill of death has fallen upon the inanimated form it must be carried to the tomb. The mourners follow the bier, which is covered with a cashmere shawl and carried on the shoulders of men. All are in solled garments, with coarse cloth on the head. The night following the burial, the men pass the hours with friends, smoking and drinking coffee, calm and resigned to destiny; the women spend the night in wailing and shrieking. On certain days her mother bewalls her dead through the years, and on the festivals for the dead, families take their provisions and shaws and spend the night at the graves of their relations. After the death of a husband the widow must remain in the house a year, with all the covering of the furniture wrong sid out, and the mirrors and ornaments covered. She does not offer refreshments to visitions, and the pipes are without their montpieces, and she must have at stated times professional waiters to perform in the house. The women beautify themselves by tattooing the face and breast; Coptic women have a cross or star tattooed on the arm. Lips are stained a dark purple, and preast; Copial women have a cross of star tattooed on the arm. Lips are stained a dark purple, and the finger nails and paims of the hands are colored orange with henna. Women of every class put a black rim under the eye, made with kohl, which is not injurous and besides lending size and force to the eye, gives it shade from light,

An American Girl Snubbed the Prince.

The only and the Prince of Wales ever received at Homburg was administered by an American girl and in such a manner as to take the breath away from her mother. It was the season the Prince fell on the salon floor with Miss Winslow while waltzing. He had overcharged himself with wine at dinner. Presently he caught sight of this Southern girl, distinguished looking, handsome and passionately fond of dancing, who had, some days previous, been introduced to him. He despatched an equerry to summon her for a waltz. On the instant, and while her mother was dumfounded for instant, and while her mother was dumfounded for want of a suitable reply, she said: "Convey my regrets to His Royal Highness, and inform him that that I shall dance no more this season."

"But you forget, Miss Winslow," continued the emissary, "that this is a royal command."

"And you forget, sir, that I am an American and am not accustomed to obeying royal commands."

At this the equerry vanished and the young lady's mother recovered her breath. The placky Southerner kept her word by abstaining from dancing the remainder of the season.

[From the Philadelphia Press.]

The husband who chooses to make the effort will find that when he accords to his wife full acknowldgement of her individuality, and accustoms her through all the routine of married life to the same gracious courtesy he used to practice at an earlier gracious courtesy he used to practice at an earlier day, he will have a fearless companion by his side, a woman of reflection and judgment, who, having a sense of responsibility and accountability to herself, always the sternest of judges, is an actual helpmeet, a possible champion, a charming friend, a reasonable assistant, a woman with some other entertainment in her than the reflection of his own accustomed thoughts, with some novelly and interest; and so he will find his marriage a far finer thing than if he had always a sweet and tiresome little slave at command. He will find his own position, too, a something loftier one, for he will be the protector and sheld and support of one of a nobler order than weaklings, and he gains even in his own esteem by the assumption of that loftier character.

Two Kinds of Daisy. [From the Epoch.]

"And so your sister really said last night tant she thought I was a little daisy, did she, Bobby ?" asked Featherly, striving to hide his exultation. "Yes," responded Bobby," and pa said that he shouldn't be surprised, as he had often seen you a little day himself,"

CHRISTMAS TRADE BLOCKED:

THE POST - OFFICE CHOKED WITH UN-

DELIVERED PACKAGES. Crouble Caused by a Sudden and Arbitrary Ruling as to Wrappers for Third and Fourth Class Matter-Dry Goods Firms,

Publishing Houses and Wholesale Grocers

the Principal Sufferers—Many Complaints, Incalculable injury and unheard-of annoy. nce has resulted to business firms in this city in consequence of the recent ruling of the Postmaster-General as to the regulations governing second, third and fourth-class mail matter. The novel interpretation of the law, which is regarded by merchants generally as utterly unwarranted by the statutes, was sprung on the community on Oct. 1 without the slightest warning or time for preparation, and made a sweeping change in the forms permitted by the department for the

past eight years. The immediate result of the new order has been to choke the rooms of the Post-Office with tons upon tons of mail matter, upon which advanced rates are demanded prior to delivery, and to deal a terrific blow at the out-of-town Christmas trade of dry-goods firms, publishing-houses and wholesale

The trouble all arises from the fact that on all except first class, or letter, matter, at two cents an ounce the senders are forbidden to

cents an ounce the senders are forbidden to put anything beyond the names and addresses of the sender and the addressee. This seems a simple and innocuous regulation, but it has far-reaching results.

In sending merchandise through the mail the firms selling the article have been for years in the habit of using printed wrappers with their name and address in the upper left-hand corner, with the nature of their business, "Publisher," "Importing Grocer," Dry Goods," &c. The postal authorities years ago held that such printed words were properly part of the name and address of the sender and were allowable on the wrapper, Trade-marks and designs, such as embellish the title at the top of the first page of Tag Wonlin, were also admitted without question and frequently appeared on the wrappers

world, were also admitted without question and frequently appeared on the wrappers used by publishers and other houses.

When the radical change was made in the interpretation of the law of 1879, it was made so suddenly as to fall heavily as possible on those affected by it. No notice was given, no time allowed for the presumably wicked to respond and reform before the thunderboit fell.

The first news of the novel conclusion as The first news of the novel conclusion ar-

rived at by the Washington authorities re-seived by the American News Company was when over two tons of book matter addressed to them was detained at the Post-Office, and to them was detained at the Post-Office, and they got word that about \$1,000 was due for the difference between third and first class rates. The sole reason for this monstrous charge was that the out-of-town agents of the American News Company had sent the books and periodicals in wrappers printed in the corner: "From —, news agents, —, Chicago," or elsewhere.

Dry-goods firms such as Macy's, O'Neill's, Simpson, Crawford & Simpson, Altman, Ridley, Lord & Taylor and Le Boutillier do an immense business through the mails with country customers, postal rates being much

immense business through the mails with country customers, postal rates being much less than express charges on light-weight articles and there being post-offices in many country towns and villages which the express does not reach. These firms send catalogues throughout the country with prices attached to each article for which they agree to deliver the goods by mail. The sudden change of rules governing third and fourth class matter caused thousands of these fourth class matter caused thousands of these packages to be rejected by the consignees, who naturally accused the New York firms of bad faith in not properly prepaying the post-

The difficulty in the case of these goods The difficulty in the case of these goods was merely that the wrapper bore the imprint "Dry goods," or a red star or other trademark. Slight as it was, it was sufficient to cause the Post-Office authorities to reject the parcels as third or fourth class matter, and to charge 32 cents per pound instead of 8 or 16 cents. In many instances, as in small consignments of son stationery and correct 16 cents. In many instances, as in small consignments of soan, stationery and corset laces the "fine" demanded by the Post-Office far exceeded the value of the goods. All the firms named, and many others, have numbers of packages lying in the Post-Office here awaiting the payment of first-class rates for they are constantly receiving samples through the mail, and country customers often make mistakes in ordering and laye to return the goods for exchange or alhave to return the goods for exchange or al-

If the damage already done and the loss be serious enough, but the story is not half told. This is the busiest time of the year, the Christmas trade having fully set in. All the firms affected have on hand large stocks of wrappers and envelopes already points of wrappers and envelopes already printed, such as they have used for years. They must be charged, in compliance with the new ruling, for they cannot afford to send everything at letter rates. But the printing

new ruling, for they cannot afford to send everything at letter rates. But the printing cannot be done for everybody within several weeks at least, and in the meantime they suffer intolerable inconvenience.

Thurber, Whyland & Co. have on hand 70,000 stamped wrappers on which the Government printed for them their business card. The words "Importing Grocers" are fatal, and the whole stock is useless for the purpose for which they were intended.

The book firm of Belford, Clarke & Co., 386 Broadway, has had 300,000 wrappers rendered useless by the presence of the word "publishers." The firm received notice yesterday that \$20 worth of books sent by their Chicago agent at third class rates are held by the Post-Office authorities for a further payment of \$50—two and a half times the value of the goods. Mr. Belford says he intends to sue for an injunction restraining the postal authorities from enforcing the new rule.

The American News Company has petitioned the Postmaster-General to remit the fine of \$1,000 on the detained goods and to defer insistence upon the new interpretation until Dec. 15.

Macy & Co. have made a strenuous protest and have received a letter from Postmaster-General Vilas, in which, while declining to alter the decision arrived at by the department, he says:

I am not entitled to criticise a law which it is

ment, he says :

ment, he says:

I am not entitled to criticise a law which it is only my duty to obey, yet will venture the remark that to me it appears difficult to justify the full extent to which the exclusion of printing upon packets of third and fourth class matter extends. So that sufficient clear space is reserved for the address, its correction for reforwarding and the postmasks required, without confusion to the eye of the clerks in handling, there appears little reason to prohibit on the exterior printing which may be placed within.

The lest few words of the Postmaster Com-

The last few words of the Postmaster-Gen-

The last few words of the Postmaster-General refer to the curious fact that the printed matter which the postal authorities consider so objectionable on the face of a wrapper might be sent in any quantity inside an orthodox wrapper as third-class matter.

The new regulations are so burdensome, and to many so arbitrary and unwarranted, that strenuous efforts are being made to induce the authorities in Washington to charge their attitude in regard to the matter.

To a World reporter Postmaster Pearson said it was true that many tons of mail matter were detained in the post-office in consequence of the new ruling. He could not help it, however, as he was only acting under the instructions of his superiors.

Examined Seventy-Five Cents Worth, "Johnnie, I'm ashamed of you. You don't do othing I tell you. I see you'll have to have your

head examined, so I'll know just what you can (A few days have passed.) "Here, ma! Here't a map and all about my head. Just been gamined, and you'll have to pay the man 75 cents."

It Makes Him Mad. [Prom the Chicago Inter Ocean.]
The chintz and potato bug trouble the farmer,
but it is the humbug that makes him fighting made

A Re